

org.ooressx.uno

Class RgfReflectUNO

java.lang.Object

└─ org.ooressx.uno.RgfReflectUNO

public class **RgfReflectUNO**

extends java.lang.Object

This class allows reflecting UNO objects and types using the type descriptions and usually returns results as strings only (to facilitate interaction with scripting languages); originally devised for Open Object Rexx (cf. <http://www.ooRexx.org>).

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Version:

1.0, 2006-01-01

Author:

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Field Summary

static java.lang.String	version Version string indicating version of this class (majorVersion*100+minorVersion concatenated with a dot and the sorted date of last change).
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Method Summary

static java.lang.Object	findInterfaceWithMember (java.lang.Object o, java.lang.String needle, boolean bReturnString, int howMany, boolean bExtendSearch) Looks for the interface in a service object (o) containing a member (a method or attribute) of the given name.
static java.lang.String	getDefinition (java.lang.Object o) Returns a blank delimited string containing the UNOIDL definitions of an UNO object (or a string denoting the fully qualified UNOIDL name).
static java.lang.String	getInterfaceNamesViaReflection (java.lang.Object o) Returns a blank delimited String of the interface names that are defined in UNOIDL for the service object.
static java.lang.String	getProperties (java.lang.Object o) Creates and returns a blank delimited string of property definitions available for the service object o.
static java.lang.String	getServiceNamesViaReflection (java.lang.Object o) Returns a blank delimited String of service names that are defined in UNOIDL for the service object.
static java.lang.String	getTypeName (java.lang.Object o) Returns string indicating the type of the supplied UNO object.
static java.lang.String	getXTypeProviderTypeNames (java.lang.Object o) Returns a blank delimited string of names of the provided interface types.
static java.lang.String	queryInterfaceName (java.lang.Object o, java.lang.String name, boolean bExtendSearch) Looks up a (partially qualified) given interface name case-insensitively and returns the fully-qualified mixed case interface name.
static java.lang.Object	queryInterfaceObjectByName (java.lang.Object o, java.lang.String name, boolean bExtendSearch) Looks up a (partially qualified) given interface name case-insensitively, carries out the appropriate UnoRuntime.queryInterface() and returns its result.

<code>static java.lang.String</code>	queryServiceName (<code>java.lang.Object o</code> , <code>java.lang.String name</code>) Looks up a (partially qualified) given service name case-insensitively and returns the fully-qualified mixed case service name.
<code>static com.sun.star.uno.XComponentContext</code>	setContext (<code>com.sun.star.uno.XComponentContext ctxt</code>) Sets the component context and gets singletons and type descriptions from it.

Methods inherited from class `java.lang.Object`

`clone`, `equals`, `finalize`, `getClass`, `hashCode`, `notify`, `notifyAll`, `toString`, `wait`, `wait`, `wait`

Field Detail

version

```
public static java.lang.String version
```

Version string indicating version of this class (majorVersion*100+minorVersion concatenated with a dot and the sorted date of last change.

Method Detail

setContext

```
public static com.sun.star.uno.XComponentContext setContext (com.sun.star.uno.XComponentContext ctxt)
```

Sets the component context and gets singletons and type descriptions from it. (Will invoke the private method `"setUpPropertyAttributesHashTable()"`.)

Parameters:

`ctxt` - component context object to be used for this class, if `null`, then a default component context is created using `"com.sun.star.comp.helper.Bootstrap.bootstrap()"`.

Returns:

The component context object that is used for this class.

getTypeName

```
public static java.lang.String getTypeName (java.lang.Object o)
```

Returns string indicating the type of the supplied UNO object. All of the possible return values are documented at the end of [getDefinition\(Object o\)](#) ("...strings representing UNO-Types...").

Parameters:

`o` - UNO object or fully qualified string referring to an UNOIDL definition

Returns:

String spelling out the UNO type or empty string, if type cannot be determined

getDefinition

```
public static java.lang.String getDefinition (java.lang.Object o)
```

Returns a blank delimited string containing the UNOIDL definitions of an UNO object (or a string denoting the fully qualified UNOIDL name). Here are the encodings for the different UNOIDL types:

TypeClass	Encoding
UNO_CONSTANTS	<code>UNO_CONSTANTS</code> <code>fully-qualified-name</code> <code>datatype</code> <code>member-name</code> <code>value...</code> <i>Remark:</i> the following UNO "datatype"s are allowed for constants: <code>UNO_BOOLEAN</code> (Java: <code>boolean</code>), <code>UNO_BYTE</code> (Java: <code>byte</code>), <code>UNO_SHORT</code> (Java: <code>short</code>), <code>UNO_UNSIGNED_SHORT</code> (Java: <code>short</code>), <code>UNO_LONG</code> (Java: <code>int</code>), <code>UNO_UNSIGNED_LONG</code> (Java: <code>int</code>), <code>UNO_HYPER</code> (Java: <code>long</code>), <code>UNO_UNSIGNED_HYPER</code> (Java: <code>long</code>), <code>UNO_FLOAT</code> (Java: <code>float</code>), <code>UNO_DOUBLE</code> (Java: <code>double</code>).
UNO_ENUM	<code>UNO_ENUM</code> <code>fully-qualified-name</code> <code>default-value</code> <code>member-name</code> <code>value...</code> <i>Remark:</i> this is always of UNO type <code>UNO_LONG</code> (ie. a 32-bit integer, Java type: <code>int</code>)
UNO_EXCEPTION	<code>UNO_EXCEPTION</code> <code>fully-qualified-name</code> <code>member-name</code> <code>fullDatatype...</code>
UNO_INTERFACE	<code>UNO_INTERFACE</code> <code>fully-qualified-name</code> <code>member-name</code> <code>member-definition...</code> where "member-definition" is one of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <code>UNO_ATTRIBUTE</code> <code>[READONLY]</code> <code>fullDatatype...</code> <code>UNO_METHOD</code> <code>[ONEWAY]</code> <code>return-value-fullDatatype</code> <code>[argName:fullDatatype[...]]</code> <code>[exception[...]]</code>

UNO_MODULE	UNO_MODULE fully-qualified-name fully-qualified-member-name UNO-Type...
UNO_SERVICE	UNO_SERVICE fully-qualified-name [[implementationName] member-name member-definition... where "member-definition" is one of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNO_INTERFACE [[OPTIONAL]] defined_by_service • UNO_SERVICE [[OPTIONAL]] defined_by_service • UNO_PROPERTY [[modifier[,...]] fullDatatype defined_by_service <i>Remark:</i> if a service object is reflected that implements more than one service definition, than the "fully-qualified-name" of that compound service is created by concatenating all service names with the plus sign (+). Each of these constituting service definitions (if available via reflection) is then used to create the entire definition of that "compound service" object in hand, documenting all defined interfaces, services and properties.
UNO_SINGLETON	UNO_SINGLETON fully-qualified-name [[old-style-servicename] <i>Remark:</i> old-style-servicename or empty string if an instance of an interface
UNO_STRUCT	UNO_STRUCT fully-qualified-name member-name fullDatatype...
UNO_TYPEDEF	UNO_TYPEDEF fully-qualified-name referenced-type UNO-Type

"fullDatatype" is encoded as follows:

```
fully-qualified-datatype-name:UNO-TypeClass:[referenced-type]:[UNO-TypeClass]
```

If a datatype is of type UNO_TYPEDEF, then its "referenced-type-name" is given together with its respective UNO-TypeClass.

The following strings representing UNO-Types ("TypeClasses") may be encountered:

```
"UNO_ANY", "UNO_ARRAY", "UNO_BOOLEAN", "UNO_BYTE", "UNO_CHAR", "UNO_CONSTANT", "UNO_CONSTANTS",
"UNO_DOUBLE", "UNO_ENUM", "UNO_EXCEPTION", "UNO_FLOAT", "UNO_HYPER", "UNO_INTERFACE",
"UNO_INTERFACE_ATTRIBUTE", "UNO_INTERFACE_METHOD", "UNO_LONG", "UNO_MODULE", "UNO_PROPERTY",
"UNO_SEQUENCE", "UNO_SERVICE", "UNO_SHORT", "UNO_SINGLETON", "UNO_STRING", "UNO_STRUCT",
"UNO_TYPE", "UNO_TYPEDEF", "UNO_UNION", "UNO_UNKNOWN", "UNO_UNSIGNED_HYPER", "UNO_UNSIGNED_LONG",
"UNO_UNSIGNED_SHORT", "UNO_VOID".
```

Remark: The UNO "TypeClass" constant names use the respective names above, but without the lead-in string "UNO_" (this makes the type information from methods of this class unambiguous).

The UNO datatypes map to Java as follows:

UNO Datatype	Java Datatype
UNO_ANY	com.sun.star.uno.Any Or java.lang.Object
UNO_VOID	void
UNO_BOOLEAN	boolean
UNO_BYTE (8-bit)	byte
UNO_CHAR (16-bit)	char
UNO_SHORT (16-bit)	short
UNO_UNSIGNED_SHORT (16-bit)	short
UNO_LONG (32-bit)	int
UNO_UNSIGNED_LONG (32-bit)	int
UNO_HYPER (64-bit)	long
UNO_UNSIGNED_HYPER (64-bit)	long
UNO_FLOAT	float
UNO_DOUBLE	double

Parameters:

- o - UNO service object or string fully qualifying a service definition in an UNOIDL module

Returns:

string containing the UNOIDL definitions, each element delimited with a blank, each element's definition parts delimited with a vertical bar (|).

getXTypeProviderTypeNames

```
public static java.lang.String getXTypeProviderTypeNames( java.lang.Object o )
```

Returns a blank delimited string of names of the provided interface types. Cf. UNO's `com.sun.star.lang.XTypeProvider` interface which is applied to the service object `o`.

Parameters:

`o` - a service object which gets queried of its provided interface types using the `XTypeProvider` interface

Returns:

blank delimited string of interface names, empty string if none available

queryInterfaceObjectByName

```
public static java.lang.Object queryInterfaceObjectByName( java.lang.Object o,
                                                            java.lang.String name,
                                                            boolean bExtendSearch )
```

Looks up a (partially qualified) given interface name case-insensitively, carries out the appropriate `UnoRuntime.queryInterface()` and returns its result.

Parameters:

`name` - which may qualify the desired interface fully or partly, case does not matter either. If `name` denotes an existing Java class, that class is used to carry out the `UnoRuntime.queryInterface(...)`. Otherwise an interface class is searched at runtime using `XTypeProvider` and possibly reflection.

`o` - is the object from which the interface should be queried from

`bExtendSearch` - `true`: if interface cannot be found in the `XTypeProvider` list, then extend search using full reflection; it could be the case that `XTypeProvider` does not provide all available interfaces! (as of OOo 2.0, 2005-12-20)

Returns:

the desired interface object, if successful, `null` else

getInterfaceNamesViaReflection

```
public static java.lang.String getInterfaceNamesViaReflection( java.lang.Object o )
```

Returns a blank delimited String of the interface names that are defined in UNOIDL for the service object.

Parameters:

`o` - service object to analyze

Returns:

a blank delimited string of service names (or empty string)

getServiceNamesViaReflection

```
public static java.lang.String getServiceNamesViaReflection( java.lang.Object o )
```

Returns a blank delimited String of service names that are defined in UNOIDL for the service object.

Parameters:

`o` - service object to analyze

Returns:

a blank delimited string of service names (or empty string)

getProperties

```
public static java.lang.String getProperties( java.lang.Object o )
```

Creates and returns a blank delimited string of property definitions available for the service object `o`. To find out about all available interfaces in a service object at runtime use [getXTypeProviderTypeNames\(Object o\)](#), to find the interface in which a member (a method or an attribute) got defined at runtime use [findInterfaceWithMember\(Object o, String needle, boolean bReturnString, int howMany, boolean bExtendSearch\)](#).

Parameters:

`o` - a service object

Returns:

blank delimited string of property definitions in the form
`property-name|full-datatype-name:UNO-TypeClass:[referenced-type]:[UNTO-TypeClass]`.

findInterfaceWithMember

```
public static java.lang.Object findInterfaceWithMember( java.lang.Object o,
                                                          java.lang.String needle,
                                                          boolean bReturnString,
                                                          int howMany,
                                                          boolean bExtendSearch )
```

Looks for the interface in a service object (`o`) containing a member (a method or attribute) of the given `name`. This method uses the `XTypeProvider` interface to search the available interfaces at runtime. To find out about all properties of a service object at runtime use [getProperties\(Object o\)](#).

Parameters:

o - service object to analyze
 needle - denotes the name to look for case-independently
 bReturnString - if true then the string encoded INTERFACE information (cf. [getDefinition\(Object o\)](#)) is returned having the denoted member(s), otherwise the queried interface object is returned, which can be immediately addressed to invoke the member method or access the member attribute.
 howMany - determines how many members matching needle should be searched and returned. Only relevant, if bReturnString is true. interfaces that contain the sought for member should be returned. A number less than 1 indicates to return all matching interface definitions (separated by a newline character 0x0A).
 bExtendSearch - true: if interface cannot be found in the XTypeProvider list, then extend search using full reflection; it could be the case that XTypeProvider does not provide all available interfaces! (as of Oo 2.0, 2005-12-20)

Returns:

either a string (bReturnString==true, can be empty, if no definitions were found) or the desired interface object (bReturnString==false, can be null null) depending on the value of parameter

queryInterfaceName

```
public static java.lang.String queryInterfaceName(java.lang.Object o,
                                                java.lang.String name,
                                                boolean bExtendSearch)
```

Looks up a (partially qualified) given interface name case-insensitively and returns the fully-qualified mixed case interface name.

Parameters:

o - service object to analyze
 name - denotes the name to look for case-independently
 bExtendSearch - true: if interface cannot be found in the XTypeProvider list, then extend search using full reflection; it could be the case that XTypeProvider does not provide all available interfaces! (as of Oo 2.0, 2005-12-20)

Returns:

fully-qualified interface name or empty string, if not found.

queryServiceName

```
public static java.lang.String queryServiceName(java.lang.Object o,
                                                java.lang.String name)
```

Looks up a (partially qualified) given service name case-insensitively and returns the fully-qualified mixed case service name.

Parameters:

o - service object to analyze
 name - denotes the name to look for case-independently

Returns:

fully-qualified service name or empty string, if not found.

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